SUIDING THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL OVER BREAKERS IN THE HOUSE.

An Interesting Colloquy in which he Tried in Interesting Colloquy in which he Tried to Make Tom Reed Understand the Difference Between Spending One's Own and the Public's Money—But Few Additions Made to the Bill as Reported.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Oklahoma bill aid not come before the House to-day, Mr. Apringer will probably call it up on Tuesday pext. Mr. Randall again cleared the obstructions in the way of his Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, and the day was spent in its consideration. He won a victory in his fight for the hand-plate printers in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. Many amendments were offered to the bill, but the great Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations retained his arip, and the increase in appropriations was very small. Tom Reed worried him's little, but did it so good naturedly that it cheered him in his efforts to forward the bill. At the close of the day, however, Mr. Randall looked fatigued. Although in good health, he apparently lacks physical strength. No man in the House

works harder, and ought to have more rest. The prayer this morning was short, After the reading of the journal a pile of executive doounects were referred to various committees. One was a letter from the Secretary of War bout the purchase of 225 acres of land owned by the Kingsley estate at West Point. It is ented by the Government. The price fixed by a board of inquiry was \$150,000. Another

by a board of inquiry was \$150,000. Another was from the Secretary of War, detailing the facts relative to the use of the English steamship State of Alabama in the excavation of the main ship channel in New York Harbor. Another was a communication from the Secretary of War as to surveys for a ship channel between Jersey City and Ellis Island. A resolution concerning the formal counting of the electoral votes in February was referred to the Committee on the Election of President and Vice-President. H. Bianohard secured the reprinting of his River and Harbor bill. Mr. Townshend of Illinois reported the Army Appropriation bill.

Mr. Randall then cleared the decks for the renewed consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. The morning hour went by the board, and the House went into Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Dockery of Missouri in the chair. There was some objection to this summary way of reaching the bill, but Mr. Randall said that it would be a great personal comfort to him if he were allowed to go on. All ebjections were then withdrawn.

summary way of reaching the offit of the handal said that it would be a great personal comfort to him if he were allowed to go on. All ebjections were then withdrawn.

The amendment under consideration was one offered by Mr. White of Brooklyn concerning the employment of steam plate printing machines in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. The royalty is now \$500 a year for each press, and \$1 per thousand impressions. The Committee on Appropriations reduced the latter to one cent. Gov. Long of Massachusetts had moved to amend Gov. Long's amendment by placing it back at \$1. The dollar amendment was voted down unanimously, Mr. White himself being absent. There was no debate. The question then recurred upon Gov. Long's amendment. A quorum was secured and tellers were appointed. It was lost by a vote of 81 to 85. Among those who voted for the fifty-cent amendment were Messrs. Peters, Cox. Springer, Cutcheon, Adams, Dalzell, Kligore, Smith of Milwaukee, and Judge Wilson of Minnesots. The vote of Mr. Smith caused some astonishment, as he was elected as a labor representative. Sunset Cox may have taken this opportunity to get square with the Labor men who put John Mc-Mackin in the field last fail. Among those voting against Gov. Long's amendment were both the O'Neills, Blount, William I. Scott, Caruh. Townshend, Burrows, Hatch, Tillman, and Hudd. The defeat of the Long amendment witually drives the steam plate presses from the bureau. Mr. Handall's eyes lighted with triumph when the House stood by his committee.

Mr. Farquhar then rubbed in the liniment

ommittee.

Mr. Farquhar then rubbed in the liniment by offering an amendment providing that no part of the money appropriated should be used for the repair or reconstruction of the steam plate presses. This was carried by a vote of

part of the money appropriated should be used for the repair or reconstruction of the steam plate presses. This was carried by a vote of 4 to 41.

Mr. Randall then said: "I propose an amendment which was prepared— iHere his voice broke, and he added in a low tone by the late Mr. Burnes the day before yesterday, which I think will be accepted."

It provided that unless the patentees of the plate printing presses should accept \$500 a year royalty for each press, and the one cent per thousand sheets as adopted, these machines should no longer be used in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving.

Gov. Long raised the point of order that this interfered with existing law. The Chairman overruled it and the amendment was adopted. Mr. Randall's victory was thus made complete. At this point Gen. Anson G. McCook, Secretary of the Senate, appeared in the aisle. He carried an engrossed copy of the Senate Tariff bill, and announced its passage by that body. He also brought in the Senate resolutions in memory of Gen. Burnes of Missouri. The committee arose and the House received them in due form. The session of the committee was then resumed, and the consideration of the Sundry Civil bill continued.

Mr. Foran moved to strike out the last word, and called attention to the Congressional Record of Thursday. It purported to give a correct report of the debate in which Gen. Butterworth made his onslaught on the Knights of Labor. Mr. Foran produced the original report from the stenographer's notes. It read thus:

Mr. Butterworth—A committee was appointed to look

-which

Mr. Butterworth—Oh, my friend—
Mr. Botterworth—Oh has the right te discharge over theref
Mr. Botterworth—We have nearly reached a condition
of things in this country where nobody has the right to
discharge.
Mr. Foran—I am giad of it.

School Record however, showed that Mr. Butterworth had interpolated the words, "and no individual the right to employ an American freeman without permission of some society. Applause," Mr. Foran stood in the Record as replying, "I am glad of it." Mr. Foran indigenally demanded that he should be placed right on the record.

Mr. Joseph B. Taylor called his attention to the fact that Gen. Butterworth was absent. He said that the General was now before the Supreme Court, and unable to appear here.

Mr. Foran replied that Mr. Butterworth could make his explanation afterward. He demanded a correction of the record.

Mr. Taylor sent a page after Mr. Butterworth but the General did not appear.

"The only fault I find." said Mr. Foran. "Is to what is there said in the Record that I am glad that 'no individual has the right to employ an American freeman without permission of some society. I never said anything of the kind. It is an interpolation. No such colloquy cocurred. All that I desire is that what I did say shall appear. What I did say was that I was glad to see that we have nearly reached a condition of things in this country in which employers had almost lost the right to discharge men. What I had reference to was the notorious fact, well known yearywhere, that employers had almost lost the right to discharge men. What I had reference to was the notorious fact, well known yearywhere, that employers do discharge men because they are American freemen and because they are faction freemen and because frequently they exercise the rights of American freemen because they are factive to make the right to have the results of American freemen as to how they shall vote. That is all I said. Of course I never meant to say that we had reached a condition in which he individual had the right to employ except by permission of some society."

Here the hammer fell and the committee resumed consideration of the bill. The item for the repairs of lighthouses appropriated \$300.000. Mr. Randall made the point of order that it changed e

"Well." replied Mr. Reed, "if the gentleman from Pennsylvania is convinced that \$25,000 is senough, the House ought to be willing to raise little \$50,000." He claimed that the number of lighthouses had increased, and the appropriations ought to increase in the same ratio. "There is a vague impression." said he, "that there ought to be a decided increase this year." "Well." responded Mr. Randall. "\$25,000 is decided increase." Yes," replied Mr. Reed, "your appropriation now is the same as it was six years ago. Since that time this country has been erecting from twenty to twenty-five lighthouse buildings per annum, and a great many improvements are going on in the service. The country has been growing."

growing."
Mr. Handall—The gentleman himself has been growing, and yet he has not required any more expenditure. [Laughter.]

Mr. lleed—I will say that I do require more expenditure anneally. The increase in this case ought to be more than \$25,000 in six years. The gentleman from Pennsylvania has been singularly unforturate in his illustrations this morning.

morning."
Mr. Reed referred to a previous spat where the expenditures on the library building were used as an illustration.

I was quite at home this morning." Mr. Randall replied dail replied.
This reference to the victory won by the com-

mittee in the consideration of the appropriation for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing set the House in a roar.

Mr. Reed continued: "The argument of the gentleman from Pennsylvania is an argument which is necessarily suicidal. If he believes that a \$85,000 deficiency is spread over six years, and that it indicates a need of \$10,000 a year, this House knows him too well to suppose that he would propose an increase of \$25,000. Hence it is perfectly evident that his argument has not convinced himself.

Mr. Randall—I want to be protected in some little degree from this constant criticism about diliberality in giving away the money of the Government as contradistinguished from giving away my own.

little degree from this constant criticism about litherality in giving away the money of the Government as contradistinguished from giving away my own.

Mr. Reed—And yet I am sure that the gentleman would not for the purpose of getting himself a reputation for Mierality.

Mr. Reed—And yet I am sure that the gentleman even for that purpose, would not consent to appropriate \$25,000 or \$15,000 if he thought that only \$10,000 was needed. So it is perfectly evident that his argument has not convinced himself, and if it has not convinced himself, and if it has not convinced him it ought not to convince the House.

Mr. Randall—I think \$25,000 is ample, and I have so stated.

The vote was then taken, and the Chair declared that Mr. Randall's amendment increasing the appropriation to \$325,000 was carried. After the declaration Mr. Ryan of Ransas asked that the vote be taken again, and that the Chair reput the question. He then declared the Handall amendment lost. This double action rather astonished Mr. Randall. He raised the point of no quorum and demanded tellers. There were demurrers on the Republican side of the House, but Mr. Randall said, "We agreed to \$25,000 once, and I object to being shuffled in that way."

The Chair courteously asked him to designate one of the tellers. He selected John Kean of New Jersey. Mr. Kean, who sat in Gen. Spinola's seat, blushed like a schoolboy.

"Why," broke in Tom Reed, "the tellers are both on the same side of the question."

At this Mr. Randall paid a high encomium to Mr. Kean. He said that he knew him to be entirely trustworthy, and was willing to trust his fortune to his hands. At this Mr. Rean blushed worse than before. He took his place as teller, and, with a quorum voting, Mr. Randall lost his amendment. The item was then increased to \$35,000.

There was smooth salling for some time.

and, with a quorum voting Mr. Randall lost his amendment. The item was then increased to \$335,000.

There was smooth salling for some time. There was smooth salling for some time. Then Mr. Herrman of Oregon put in an amendment appropriating \$6,000 for a cable from Tiliamook fock Light, near the mouth of the Ciliamook as trenuous fight against it, but was downed. There were evidently too many Democrats at lunch.

Mr. Adams next put in an amendment increasing the appropriation for the salaries of the keepers of the lighthouses from \$600,000 to \$625,000. Mr. Randall insisted that there was no necessity for the increase, but was again downed, somewhat to his chagrin.

"The majority seems to have passed from one side to the other a little in advance of the results," he said. "I am a viotim of absentesism."

Mr. McAdoo then sought to have the Raritan River inserted among the rivers entitled to coast lights. He said that this would not change existing law. Mr. Randall replied that it would. Thereupon the Chair asked Mr. McAdoo for the law.

"I have not got the law with me," the Jerseyman replied.
"I should think not," said Mr. Randall. "It

man replied. "I should think not." said Mr. Randall. "It

"I should think not." said Mr. Handall. "It is not on the statute book."

The Chair overruled the Jerseyman. The two Florida Congressmen were also ruled out on similar motions.

Mr. Outhwatie next tried to get the appropriation for the pay of assistant custodians and anitors of public buildings increased from \$460,000 to \$600,000. He succeeded in getting \$490,000 Mr. Cannon made no amendment to the ap-

Mr. Cannon made no amendment to the appropriation for the enforcement of alien contract labor laws. He wanted it understood, however, that if \$50,000 was not enough, the incoming Republican Administration should not be held responsible. He moved to raise the appropriation for the enforcement of the Chinese Exclusion act from \$30,000 to \$50,000. This was lost.

Mr. Randall himself next proposed an amendment appropriating \$100,000 to be used in developing a system for irrigation in the Territories.

developing a system for irrigation in the Territories.

Mr. Symes of Colorado moved to increase it to \$200.000. He got fifteen minutes' time for a speech. A map of the arid lands was placed upon the easel in front of the Sneaker's desk. Mr. Symes planted himself before it. He at first used an umbrella in gestleulating and in pointing out the different sections on the map, but afterward discarded the umbrella for a Tosca cane. His speech was so interesting that the arena was crowded. The confusion finally became so great that the Chairman drove the members back to their seats.

It was now half-past 4 o'clock. Mr. Randall said that it had been agreed that the committee should arise at this hour, and the committee did so.

ment appropriating situation the Description of the Seven bear fill of the Seven for Irrigation in the Comprove by a complete statement of the Tribution of the Seven Seven Mr. Symes of Colorado moved to increase it to \$200,000. He got fifteen minutes' time for a Mr. Symes planted himself before it. He at the seven of the Seven Seven Seven Mr. Symes planted himself before it. He at the seven th I sak the question in all candor, whether an interest of the property of these who act with him in behalf of the proceedings. Indeed, it is quite not say ther was a region of the proceedings. Indeed, it is quite proceedings.

public proceedings. Indeed, it is quite likely that the Virginia Senator will not renew his fight for open sessions this year. He knows he would be beaten, and his opposition might result in postponing action altogether. This he does not want, for he desires to have the treaty rejected before he leaves the Senate. He made a big fight on it last session and succeeded in getting before the public the feelings of Irish-Americans on the subject of the extradition of political offenders, and he may now content himself with endeavoring to secure the rejection of the treaty, and in having the injunction of secrecy as to the Senate proceedings removed, thus revealing the causes of its unpopularity. Riddleberger and his friends claim that this treaty would compel the United States Government to give up, at the demand of England, prisoners guilty of alleged political offences, even when the acts complained of were committed in the United States, the offenders never having set foot on British soil. There are a dozen other provisions to which they are opposed, but the defect mentioned is the most fatal one of all to the minds of the Irish-American party, and it is this point upon which they chiefly rely for the rejection of the treaty.

Before the Tariff bill went to the House from the Senate this afternoon there was endorsed on it. in compliance with the motion of Mr. Alon it, in compliance with the motion of Mr. Allison, adopted by the Senate, the statement
that the Senate adheres to its amendments and
requests a conference. This is an unusual, but
not unprecedented, course to pursue, and is
adopted for the purpose of expediting the consideration of the bill. This action of the Senate
caused a mild commotion among interested
members of the House when it was made
known to them. The impression in some quarters was that the Senate had very cleverly trapped the Ways and Means Committee. It would
be out of the ordinary course for the House to
refuse to accede to the request of the Senate
for a conference, yet, if this request is granted,
the result will be to prevent the Ways and
Means Committee from passing upon the Senate amendments to the bill. Again, it is argued
that if the House should refuse to comply, this
refusal would put it in the position of declining
to second the efforts of the Senate to secure
speedy action upon the Tariff bill. Several
members of the Ways and Means Committee
expressed the belief that the request for a conference would not be granted until the bill has
gone through the regular course in the House
and committee.

Representative Springer, Chairman of the

Representative Springer. Chairman of the House Committee on Territories, has prepared and will introduce in the House another Omniand will introduce in the House another Omnibus bill providing an enabling act for the admission into the Union of the Territories of Arizona. Idaho, and Wyoming. The bill embodies all the features of the Omnibus bill recently passed by the House with the following exceptions: The elections for delegates to the Constitutional Conventions are to be held at the November election in 1889; the Constitutional Conventions are to assemble on the first Wednesday in January, 1890; the Constitutions framed by these Conventions are to be submitted to a vote of the people at the November election of 1890, when the Governors and other State officers, the Legislatures, and Representatives in Congress are to be elected; the Legislatures then elected are to be authorized to elect two United States Senntors. A special act of Congress will then be necessary for the admission of the Territories into the Union.

The Senate Committee on Territories to-day

The Senate Committee on Territories to-day took up the House bill for the admission of North and South Dakota, Montana, Washing-

North and South Dakota, Montana. Washington, and New Mexico into the Union. One of the committee said:

"We have spent the entire session in considering the House Omnibus bill. It is noticeable for contradictory provisions and inadequacy to get any territory or part of a territory into the Union as a State. For instance, section 5 seems to provide for the admission of all the proposed States upon the proclamation of the President, while section 19 seems to as clearly provide that none shall be admitted, even South Dakota, if it complies with the terms of the bill, without additional legislation by Congress. As the bill now stands, it is probably the most complicated and most difficult to interpret and

administer that ever passed either House of Congress. If we are to pass it, the measure must be corrected materially, and has been referred to a sub-committee with instructions to see if its inconsistencies can be so reconciled that we can recommend its passage."

Representative-elect Venable of Virginia was at the Capitol to-day in company with the delegation of Virginia farmers and tobacco growers sent here to further the passage of the Cowles internal Revenue bill. The delegation contemplated appearing formally before the Appropriations Committee, which has charge of the Cowles bill, but Chairman Bandall intimated that the committee as body did not care to enter into any formal hearings, regarding it as hardly proper to do so. He freely reiterated his well-known views touching the propriety of abolishing the tobacco tax, and the delegation went awny under the conviction that if the Ways and Means Committee do not report a measure of relief for the tobacco growers the Appropriation Committee will do so, and that the bill will pass the House by a large majority. delegation of Virginia farmers and tobacco by a large majority.

The conferrees on the bill to amend the Inter-State Commerce law concluded their work to-day, and Mr. Crisp will report it to the House day, and Mr. Crisp will report it to the House to-morrow. Upon the three amendments of importance, the House managors receded from the one requiring the Commissioners to adopt a uniform classification for all railroads. Upon the amendments requiring railroad companies to transport oil in barrels at the same rate as is charged for oil in tanks, or ears owned by shippers, and giving State courts concurrent jurisdiction with United States courts over litigation connected with the enforcement of the law, there was a disagreement.

The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: George Washington Hensel of Pennsylvania, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the North District of Pennsylvania; John Tvier Campbell of California, now Consul at Auckland, to be Consul at Foo Chow; John Darcy Connolly of California, to be Consul at Auckland; Robert S, Adkins, to be Postmaster at Kansas City, Mo.

The President to-day gave a reception to the numbers of the "Said Pasha" company of members of the "Said Pasha" company of California at the White House. Some seventy-five persons were introduced by Manager W. A. Thompson. The troupe came here on a special train from Philadelphia to play for the annual benefit to the local lodge of Elks. They returned in season to give the regular per-formance in Philadelphia this evening.

The Senate to-day passed the Pension Appropriation bill with only one amendment appropriating \$18,000 for rent of pension agencies. The Military Academy bill was then taken up, amended, and pussed. The District of Columbia Appropriation bill was also passed, with an amendment establishing a zoological park at the capital. he capital.

A. R. Hart of Brooklyn, who has had some onsiness relations with Judge, is the latest can-ildate for Public Printer. He is in the city and has opened headquarters.

## BOSTON'S LOSS IN ATCHISON.

The Shrinkage in the Stock of \$50,000,000 Palls Heavily on Her Investors. Boston, Jan. 25 .- The shrinkage of fifty nillions of dollars in the market value of Atchison stock alone during the past nineteen months has forced upon the stockholders a inancial strain that has been keenly felt by all, and as much the greater part of this stock has en invested in and around Boston, the burden has weighed the heaviest upon the Boston

Just now all the Atchison stockholders are on the anxious seat awaiting the action of the directors at to-morrow's meeting. The directors have intimated that the policy begun by them a few days ago, in making public the statement of October's business, and yesterday in the November statement, will be followed to-morrow by a complete statement of the financial condition of the entire Atchison sys-

dends.

The directors of the Atchison system will deelde the fate of the road to-morrow morning.
If they give to the public the "bottom facts"
as to the road's financial standing, the stockholders will see them through the present
trouble. But if there is any attempt to withhold information there is no knowing where
the stock will land. Big operators say there is
plenty of room left for another drop in prices,
and threaten to sell "short" unless the directors make a square statement. tors make a square statement.

## CLOSE OF THE ELLIOTT SALE

The Collection of Paintings and Brices Bruc Knocked Down for \$11,852,

The sale of the William Elliott collection of modern oil paintings was concluded yesterday at James P. Silo's art'gallery, 43 Liberty street. About seventy paintings were sold. The collection also included some thirty pieces of bric-à-brac. The pictures sold at prices

of bric-a-brac. The pictures sold at prices ranging from \$7.50 to \$400, and the bric-a-brac was quickly sold. The amount realized yesterday was \$6,883.50, of which the paintings brought \$5,780. The entire sales for the two days amounted to \$11.852. Among the paintings sold yesterday were:

"After the limit." J. Melin \$100 to Marine. P. Eugers \$65 to Marine. P. Eugers \$ Waiting for His Master," Miss C. L. Van Vree-62 00 127 50 135 00 172 00 172 50 146 00 280 00 102 50 125 00 Waiting for his maker, "Law C. I. an You denburgh." Returning Home," A. Voigi Trial of the Foacher," I. Pataky Scene in Cairo," F. Perlberg. The Return Home, "F. Ortilsb. Weighing the Chicken," A. Tamburini Deedemona. 'Leon' Ferrault. The Politiciana." Koischenreiter Dressed for the Ball." A. Raudnitz Seilm, the Street Singer of Alger," Frans Char-let. let 135 00 Landscape, Essex County," Wm. M. Brown 180 00 Sunset," water color, A. D. Tompkins. 7 50

## Two large nand-painted porcelain vases brought \$75 each: two Satsuma vases, gold decoration, \$40 each: a brass and onyx bric-abrae stand, \$49: a marble statue, \$147.50; a Roman urp-shaped vase, \$70, and a Sevres centre vase with revolving pedestal, \$120. Stealing Sogar by the Barrel.

Isadore Rose of the firm of Rose Bros., sugar milwrights at 580 to 534 West Fourteenth street, ap-peared in Jefferson Market Court yesterday as complainpeared in Jenerson Narket-Solry Jearray as compani-anti against John Spitzenberg, Soyears old, of 74 Chrys-tie street, the foreman of the sugar house. A week ago the firm reported that they were being robbed of barres of sugar, and that their loss aircady amounted to \$1,550. Detective Hurleigh on the morning of Jan. 17 saw Spitzenberg take a barrel of sugar and wheel it off on a hand truck to the grocery store of S. Rhede, at \$63 West Thirteenth street, where he sold it. Justice Patterson held Spitzenberg.

IN AND OUT DOOR SPORTS. THE AUSTRALIAN BASE BALL PARTY TO RETURN ABOUT APRIL 10.

lers-The Turf, Fighters, and Athletes. Walter Spalding was found in his Broadway office yesterday surrounded by great piles of newspaper elippings, which he had just received from Australia. Letters were also received from A. G. Spalding, in which he said that the party would arrive in this city on or about April 10. They would be in Egypt early in February, and in Italy during the latter part of February. Waiter Spalding cabled that the eague championship season would begin about April 24. For this reason the trip will be hurried through. It was at first intended that the party would not get back until May, but this has been changed. The descriptions published in the Australian papers were unique in their way. The writers in some respects copied the American style, but, in the main, they laid themselves out in comparing the game to cricket and football. The extracts, which Mr. Spald-ing received yesterday, were from the Sydney and Melbourne papers, and in each case the reports of the games, including a picture of the ball field, were from one to seven columns. The description of how base ball was played was plain enough, but the games were some what mixed. Still the reporters out there did well. The way in which the men caught and hit the ball surprised the people out there. One paper gives a column description of how to hit a ball with a round bat, without cutting the ball to one's feet or popping it in the air. The meeting of the college league calls to

mind the fact that the opening of the season

brings with it the important question of Prince-

mind the fact that the opening of the season brings with it the important question of Princeton's prospects in base ball. Even now a general estimate and comparison of the strength of the three teams can be made. In the very beginning Harvard has assumed an attitude of confidence. To inspire this, several circumstances have combined. It is believed that the action of the faculty in permitting the nine to play with professionals and to employ a project of the faculty in permitting the nine to play with professional and to employ a project of the faculty in greatly increase its chances of ultimate success. Moreover the material in the university is first class, and is being carefully trained. Pitcher John Clarkson of the Bostons is acting as coach. Fiva of last year's team are in college and will again play in their old positions. Henshaw, 89, who captained last year's nine and made a remarkable record behind the bat, accepting 100 out of 103 chances, will again catch Bates, 911. of whom much is expected. In the eight games last season the latter struck out eighty-four men. Willard, 87, captain, the heaviest batter on last year's team and player of long experience, will again cover first, while Quackenboss will play third. Campbell's place at short will probably be filled by Corning, '91, who has made a good record on his class nine both in batting and fielding. It is thought that Dean, '91, will play second. Howland, L. S., will again play in the field, while the remaining positions will be refilled by the change pitchers, and either Linn, '90, or Mumford, '90. With such material and the zeal in training which the recent action of the faculty has aroused Harvard can scarcely fall to develop a very strong nine, which will be an important factor in the coming contest. Yale, in distinction from Harvard, is inclined to take a less favorable view of her own prospects, and feels that more than ordinary efforts must be put forth if the championship is to be retained. Dann, '88, has graduated, and this coupled with Stag ton's prospects in base ball. Even now a genstitute the outlield. On the whole the nine will be strong in batting and fleiding, and if a weakness exists it will be found in the battery. About Princeton's team little is known. It will doubtless be stronger than last year, and if the present determined spirit among the base ball men continues, it is certain that the nine will make a very creditable showing in the fight for the chambionship. In the rules no very important changes have been made except in the number of balls and strikes. The four-ball rule will emphasize the importance of good control, and will probably necessitate the frequent use of a swift, straight ball, and consequently heavier batting.

Tim Reefe received a letter from Buck Ewing yesterday, in which he says that he is making great preparations for the opening of the season. Buck says that he is tired of lying around, and impatient to begin work. He says that the New Yorks will get there next season just the same. He is in fine condition, and will be here to lead the club on to victory in the series with the Brooklyn Club, in case the two clubs come together, which seems quite likely, as Manager Mutrie and President Byrne will meet at the Sporting Times office to-day to try to arrange the series.

Since it was made known in yesterday's Sun that the New York Club would give the Australian party a big time when they got here, Manager Mutrie's mail has increased 100 per cent. Everybody wants to get an invitation. From the looks of things the crowd that will go down to meet the party will fill several steamers. The New York Club's party will be altogether on one big boat. Manager Mutrie will sendinvitations to all the base ball men in this country. Harry Wright and Ai Reach will be on the committee.

on the committee.

Manager Powers of the Jersey City Club has begun work, with the idea of forming a more complete Central League for next season. He went to Newark yesterday to secure the assistance of the managers of that club toward securing the admission of Lowell, Providence, or one or two other clubs in that part of the country. Manager Powers's idea is to make the League more equal in strength than it was last season.

Syracuse. Jan. 25.—The annual meeting of the Intercollegiate Base Ball Association was held here to-day. Union. Hamilton, Rochester, and Syracuse were represented. Madison was admitted to membership and Hobart was dropped. The pennant for 1888 was awarded to Syracuse. Frank A. Moore of Hamilton was elected President, D. 8. Voorhees of Union Vice-President, H. P. Deland of Rochester Secretary and Treasurer. The protested games of last year were dropped. The article prohibiting exhibition games between contesting nines until after the scheduled games are completed was stricken out. The umpire must be a college undergraduate actually pursuing his studies.

Louisville, Jan. 25.—Bob Clark, catcher of the Brooklyn Club, is in the city. He lives in Cov. atton. and is visiting friends. He said today: "All the members of the club have signed for the Bext season except Smith and myself. We will sign before the season opens, as there is plenty of time yet. We ought to win the pennant next season if our pitchers show up all right. We have certainly got the best nine otherwise in the Association." Hub Collins, who has been confined to his bed for some weeks, has so far recovered as to be able to walk around. He will be all right before the season opens.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 25.—Articles of incorpora-tion of the new Indianapolis Base Ball Club-have been filed for record. The capital stock is \$30,000, divided into 300 shares of \$100 each. The stockholders are: Frod L. Mayer. 20 shares: Ford Woods. 30: R. K. Drylus, 80: W. S. Schmidt. 40: Henry Jameson. 30: George F. Branham. 30: Charles F. Meyer. 40: J. F. Brush. 40: A. B. Meyer, 30: Tom Taggart, 10. BASE BALL NOTES.

The actors will send a steamer to meet the Australian party. The actors will send a steamer to meet the Australian party.

Tim Keefe is doing a rushing business. "All the trouble with me now." said Tim yesterday. "Is that I can't get a store."

DENVER, Jan. 25.—Jno. C. Healy, for years a member of the Western League Association. has been signed as pitcher for Denver's new nine.

nine.

Charley Pabor, the once famous pitcher, is now Chief of Police in New Havon, and he is still trying to convince Yale students that the pitcher's position is in the centre of the diamond. diamond.

The National Base Ball Club of Long Island City has organized for the season, and would like to arrange dates with all out-of-town semi-professional clubs having enclosed grounds. It. F. Kane, managor, box 25, Blissville, L. I. C.

Manager Buckenherger of the Columbus Club is 28 years old. He began ball playing as cap-tain of an amateur nine in Detroit in 1880. He subsequently played with the celebrated Cass Club along with Peoples, Yaik, Rainey, Wright, and Ed Stapleton. and Ed Stapleton.

Manager Bright of the Cuban Giants dropped in at The Sun office last night and said: "I wish to thank you for the kind notices given us concerning our new Middle States League. I am now at work on a schedule. There will be eight clubs in the League without fail." The Safety B. B. Club of Yorkville has organized for the season with the following players: S. Phillips. 2d b.; J. Mayer, 1st b.; Lee Hirsch. 3d b.; W. Murray, s. s.; J. Hand, p.; J. Rose, c.; E. Miller, c. f.; S. Mayer, L. f.; J. Miller, r. f. S.

Phillips, captain, Seventy-sixth street and Fourth avenue. A New Stock Company Formed to Run the In-dianapolis Club-Fine Work by the Bow.

Phillips, captain, Seventy-sixth street and Fourth avenue.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 25.—Two promising young Cleveland pitchers signed contracts with the Minneapolis Club of the Western Association to-day. They are J. T. Burns of Newburgh, a left-hander withs a knack of waing his right hand also, and C. C. Hendershott of the East End. a right-hander, who is likely to develop into a very good pitcher.

The West Shore Base Ball Club of Weehawken will have one of the strongest amateur teams in the profession next season. The team will be made up as follows: D. Sullivan, c.; C. Robinson, p.; J. Lane, lat b.; C. Wells, 2d b.; W. Humphries, a. s.; C. DeWitt, 3d b.; W. Wayne, l. f.; W. Merclair, c. f.; J. Curtin, r. f.; F. Wilson, substitute and change pitcher.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25.—The Baltimore Base Ball Club has been asked to make an offer for Louisville's battery. Heeker and Cook, or else waive claim to them. Manager Davidson suggests that he would trade them for First Baseman Tucker and a cash bonus, but the Baltimore management would not listen to any proposition involving Tucker's transfer, and, having no use for Hecker and Cook, will probably relinquish all right to them.

The Stapleton Base Ball Club have made many interconness for the convince and contact and contact and cook, will probably relinquish all right to them.

naving no use for Hecker and Cook, will probably relinquish all right to them.

The Stapleton Base Bail Club have made many improvements for the coming season. Victor Petite is President, and James H. Lestrange manager. The nine consists of the following-named players: John Hogan, c. and captain: Robert Murphy, p. and fielder: Robert Sylvio, 3d base and change c.; Edward Myers, p. and fielder; Steven Murray, 1st base; J. McCormack, 2d base; J. Hoffman, s. s.; H. Stone, r. f.; W. Lee, I. f.; and John Philips, c. f.

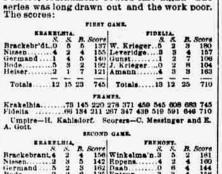
The Perth Amboy Athletic Association will put into the field this season a stronger team than usual. Uniform amateur ciubs having a good record, who desire to arrange dates for the coming season with this association, should apply to J. V. Langan, manager, Perth Amboy, N. J. The association intend playing an additional battery in the team. A good pitcher and catcher may make favorable arrangements by addressing Manager Langan.

The Philadelphia Times says: "Prof. Billy

addressing Manager Langan.

The Philadelphia Times asys: "Prof. Billy McLean, the well-known base-ball umpire, was the hero of an impromptu prize fight to-day, McLean was in an auction store when Prof. Jim Murray, instructor of the Philadelphia Fencing and Sparring clubs entered. There is an old feud between the two men, and they soon came to blows. Murray led and hit McLean on the chest, the latter countering on Murray's forehead. Murray rushed in and just missed McLean's chin with a beautiful upper cut. Then McLean rushed in. He caught Murray on the nose with his left, and swung his right on Murray's neck, knocking him through a big pane of glass in a show case and cutting his head in three places. This ended the fight."

Three of the weakest clubs entered in the Pomeroy tournament bowled last night. The



Totals.... 13 14 23 720 Totals.....12 21 17 804 .68 140 204 282 846 421 496 578 658 720 .85 160 254 338 415 478 568 647 730 804

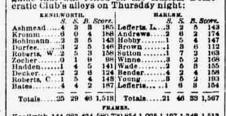
...5 10 20 684 Totals......7 23 20 769 Umpire—John Holler. Scorers—J. Gunst and R. G. Kuncken.

The following game was rolled at Odd Fellows' Hall, Hoboken, on Thursday night: PIN ENIGHTS. Totals ... 33 38 29 1,785 Totals ... 30 44 28 1,712

Umpire-G. Rodenberg. Scorers-L. C. Gells and M. H. Rowe. 

Totals ... 22 29 49 1,383 Totals .... 18 33 49 1,380

FRANES. Independ't . 128 259 412 592 670 828 957 1088 123918880 Glenwood . 157 288 482 597 704 849 989 1118 1269 128 Umpire-Mr. Brown of J. C. A. C. Following is the score of a hotly contested game that was rolled on the Harlem Democratic Club's alleys on Thursday night:



FRANCS.

Kenilw'th 144 282 424 580 730 854 1,025 1,187 1,348 1,513 Harlem. ...185 281 440 500 748 880 1,056 1,192 1,889 1,667 Umpire-Mr. Griffen. Scorer-Mr. Schlesinger. A scrub game between five-men teams of the Kings County Wheelmen and Brooklyn Bicycle Clubs at the former's alloys on Thursday night resulted as follows:

KINGS COUNTY WHEELMEN. | BROOKLYN BICYCLE CLUB. Totals..... 16 12 22 792 Totals..... 8 11 81 605 FRAMES. K. C. Wheelmen 06 140 223 816 400 478 557 646 729 792 Brooklyn R. C., 45 104 174 229 290 351 424 478 529 605

Umpire-T. C. Criston, K. C. W. Scorers-William F. Homan, B. B. C., and R. W. Stevens, K. C. W. The second game in the tournament at J. J. Shaughnessy's, Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue, Brooklyn, was rolled on Wednesday evening between the Prospect and Climatelubs, and resulted in a victory for the Prospects by the following close score:

Totals.....23 84 43 1,518 Totals.....27 90 43 1,475 The Mascot and Volunteer Clubs rolled the following game on Dohner's alleys, in Brooklyn, on Thursday night:

Totals. 22 28 50 1,894 Totals. 16 34 50 1.344
Two games were bowled at Stenziey's athetic alleys in Jersey City on Thursday, with 

Sporting Notes.

Totals.

David Meredith, the champion horseshoe turner of England, will meet James Donalon of this city at the *Police Gazette* office to-day and arrange a match for \$1,000 a side. Lon Myers, the great middle distance run-ner, is full of stories of Australian life. They are a race of sporting men, and every man on the island is an athlete.

.....705 600 Totals.....

721

Read To-morrow's Sporting Times. Contains a handsome picture of "Jerry Denny," all

WHAT THE FIGHTERS ARE DOING

Johnny Reagan Going to California Johnny Reagan, the middle weight, who ested Tom Henry, Jack Files, and every other man he has ever fought, with the exception of Jack Dempsey, has the California fever in the very worst possible way. He told THE SUN re-porter yesterday that he would leave for San

porter yesterday that he would leave for San Francisco within the next few days, and meet any man on the slope in his class, young Mitchell preferred.

Salior Brown and young Mitchell are under contract to fight before the members of the Golden State Athletic Club for a purse of \$1,500, and Johnny will have to wait until they meet before he can arrange a match with the champion. He has taken the very best of care of himself, and says that he stands ready to meet any man in the world at 140 bounds. He will not fight La Blanche, and allow the Marine to have a big pull in the weights, but will fight any man in the world at 140 pounds.

Here is a chance for some of the many fighters who are at an unfortunate weight—too heavy for light weights and too light for the middle-weight division.

An Unknown Ruceked Out at Chleago. CHICAGO, Jan. 25. - The fight between George Rollo of Chicago and the New Orleans Unknown, which was interrupted last week by the police, was settled last night. The battle was fast and furious, and, with the two-ounce gloves, productive of some vicious slugging The men fought with great gameness until the thirteenth round, when the New Orleans man came to time badly winded. Some few passes were made, when Rolle awung his right and landed it, with the full weight of his body, under the Unknown's left ear. The latter went to grass, and, failing to respond, his opponent was awarded the fight.

Mark Wilson Getting Ready.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 25 .- Mark Wilson of Peru City, who is now in training in Cincinnati preparatory to a fight with Dick Keating of Lafayette, will return Wednesday next, and the fight will occur some few days later at a point not yet fixed on. Wilson is in good con-dition, and bets are swinging around in his tayor.

Fighting Notes.

Arrangements have been completed for Dom-inick McCaffrey and Jack Fallon to spar ten rounds at Cronhelm's Theatre, in Hoboken, on Feb. 8.

If Pete Jackson, the Australian who thrashed Joe McAuliffe, tours the country it will be un-der the management of Billy Madden. Joe McAuliffe, tours the country it will be under the management of Billy Madden.

A Boston contemporary says the following of Ike Weir, the puglist: "The Spider has a new act, a sparring bout with his mastiff Champion. The dog weighs 166 pounds. Ike's animal, musical, and sporting collection now is extensive. It includes the trotter Flying Spider, the dog Champion, fourteen carrier pigeons, a tame crow, a piano, zither, accordion, harmonica, Winchester, repeating shotogun, Flobert rifle, three revolvers, all the gloves he has ever lought with, two pairs of dancing clogs, a jockey's racing outfit, and a picture of Tommy Warren, which Isaac always keeps at his house in a basin of soup, where he belongs. Ike says: 'I'll make a mixed match with any man in America to dance a reel, jig, or clog, sing an Itish come-all-ye, run haif a mile to a mile, do a high kick, play the accordeon or harmonica, play the plano blindfolded with a cover over the keys and a pair of boxing gloves on, shoot a rifle or revolver ten paces at either a needle or a cent, ride a steeplechase full distance, swim for distance or dive for height, ride a bloycle for distance and finally to lick feather-weights or make more of them quit out in a year than any man in America."

NEWS OF THE TURE.

Capulin Wins the Big Flats Handicap-Lakewood Pays a Fat Dividend.

Fair weather and a track deep with mud were the features at Clifton yesterday. Five races were run. Results follow:

Pirst Race—Purse \$250, selling allowances; three-quarters of a mile. Lakewood won. Bass Viol second, and Alfred third. Time, 1:324. Mutuals paid \$21:20, \$8.50, and \$1.50. Second Race—Purse \$250, selling allowances; seven furiongs. Friar won. Littlefellow II. second, and El Trinidas third. Time, 1:43. Mutuals paid \$0.85, \$3.75, and \$5.50. Trinidas third. Fime, 1-3. Sutuans pass seed.

And \$5.50.

Third Race—Purse \$250; seven furlongs. Harwood won, Palaska second, and Hermitage third. Time, 1-451s. Matuals paid \$5.40; \$3.20, and \$4.50.

Fourth Race—Big Flats Handlean purse \$500; seven furlongs. Capulin won, Speedwell second, and Glendate third. Time, 1-40. Mutuals paid \$5, \$5.25, and \$4.0.

Fifth Race—Purse \$250, selling allowances; one mile, John Arkins won, Van second, and Quincy third. Time, 14531s. Mutuals paid \$6.00, \$3.45, and \$4.65.

The terms of the stakes as originally ancounced by the American Jockey Club being indefinite as to weight to be carried by winners of certain sums

Turf Notes.

The Guttenberg people propose to have a Jockey Garrison signed to ride for the Hon. August Belmont on Jan. 24. An offer of \$15,000 was refused for Miss Russell's yearling filly by Electioneer. The New York State Trotting Horse Breeders'

be trotted for next season.

The new stakes of the National Association of Trotting Horse Breeders will close March 11 instead of March 1, as originally intended. Donovan, the best two-year-old in England last year, is the present tip for the Derby to be run en June 5. Donovan is owned by the Duke of Portland, who won the Derby last year with Ayrabire.

AMONG THE ATHLETES.

Intercollegiate Athletic Association Meeting SYRACUSE, Jan. 25 .- The annual meeting of the Intercollegiate Athletic Association was held here to-day.

The next field day was fixed at Schnectady under the auspices of Union College. C. W. Culver of Union was elected President, J. D. Pardee of Hamilton Vice-President, F. L. Carroll of Union Secretary and Treasurer. Columbia will be notified that she must pay her annual dues for the past two years before she will be eligible to take part in the field day.

Athlette Notes.

The Roseville Athletic Club of Newark will hold its election Jan. 28 at 8 o'clock sharp.

E. E. Barnes of the Olympic Athletic Club has made application to the New Jersey Athletic Club, and will hereafter represent the club at Bergen Point.

The pole vaulting contest which was postponed at the last Union games will not take place till spring. It will be decided at the first set of Union games.

Football playing in deers will now be a feat-

set of Union games.

Football playing in doors will now be a feature. The University of Pennsylvania will play a match game at the Academy of Music in Philadelphia March 7. George Gray, the Canadian and American hampion shot-putter, is to receive a record nedal for breaking the world's record at the ate games of the Amateur Athletic Union. The gymnastic championship of the Ama-teur Athletic Union promises to be the event of the season. Five clever gymnasts of the Athletic Club of the Schuylkili Navy will take

It is said that Morris, the colored runner from Philadelpila, the winner of two matches at the Union games, is a professional, and is well known to Murphy. Golden, and McCarthy, the professionals.

The annual winter road run of the Wyanoke Boat Club will take place on Saturday, starting from the boat house, on the Harlem, at 8 P. M. The route will be along the Harlem River as far as High Bridge and return. Edward Cahill, a brother of Pat Cahill, the middle-weight amateur champion of America, after two sensons of inactivity is hard at work training for the light-weight class at the A. A. U. championship meeting.

The members of the Pastime Athletic are greatly put out on account of the New York Athletic Club holding their boxing show on the same night as theirs. The P. A. C., however, have sold all the reserved seats in the house. have sold all the reserved scats in the house.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Association of Amateur Athletes of America was held at the Grand Union Hotel last evening, with the following members in attendance: Walion Storm, Edgar Tate, C. H. Mapes, C. J. Harvey, J. D. Douglass, and D. J. Cox. Messrs, Tate, Douglass, and Harvey were appointed a committee to revise the rules governing tug-of-war competitions. The N. A. A. A. A. Games Committee reported that a monster athletic meeting would be held at a Madison Square Garden on Saturday, March 2. The International Team Arrangements Committee reported progress.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Casteria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Casteris NOT A PIMPLE ON HIM NOW.

and with Ecsema, Hair all Gone, Scalp Covered with Ecaptions, Thought His Hair Would Never Grow, Cured by Cuttoura Bemedies, Hair Spiendid, and Not a Pimple on Him.

I cannot say enough in praise of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. My boy, when one year of are, was so bad with eccema that he lost all of his hair. His scalp was covered with emptions, which the doctors said was scald head, and that his hair would never grow again. pespairing of a cure from physicians, I began the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and I am happy to say, with the most perfect success. His hair is now splendid, and there is not a pimple on him. I recommend the CUTICURA REMEDIES to mothers as the most speed, CUTICURA REMEDIES to go all skin diseases of ineconomical, and sure cure for all skin diseases of in-fants and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child will thank me for so doing.

Mrs. M. E. WOODSUM, Norway, Ma. A Fever Sore Eight Years Cured.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured, by using the CUTICURA REMEDIES, of an old sore, caused by a long spell of

lickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputates, but is happy to say he is now entirely well—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. E. CASON, merchant of this place. JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist, Gainsbore, Tonn

Severe Scalp Disease Cured.

A few weeks ago my wife suffered very much from o cutaneous disease of the scalp, and received no relief from the various remedies she used until she trief from the various remedies she used until she tries.
CUTICURA. The disease promptly yielded to this treatment, and in a short while she was entirely well. There
has been no return of the disease, and CUTICURA ranks
No. 1 in our estimation for disease of the skin.

Rev. J. PRESSLEY BARKETT, D.

Rev. J. PRESSLEY BARKETT, B. G.

From Pimples to Scrofula Cared.

CUTICURA, the greatakin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOL-VENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease from pin-ples to scrotula. Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP. pies to scrotula.

Rold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 80c.: SOAP, 25c.: RESIDIVENT, SI. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Roston, Mass. Sp. Send for "How to Cure kkin Diseases," 64 pages, 60 illustrations, and 100 testimoniais.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by



BROKEN DOWN BY CIGARETTES.

Barrett Missed Escorting Miss Sullivan Home and went and Shot Himself Eugene Demilt Barrett, the young New Yorker who shot himself in a train from this city as it was entering the station in Boston, on Wednesday night, was alive yesterday, and

there was faint hopes of his recovery. At the request of his father, Thomas H. Barrett of 1.041 Park avenue, who is with him, Father Flanagan of St. Joseph's Church, Boston, administered extreme unction to him on Thurs-day evening. Young Barrett seemed glad to see his father, but they were not permitted to talk much. Mr. Barrett could conceive of no reason for his son's shooting himself except that he must be temporarily insane from the effects of smok-

be temporarily insane from the effects of smoking cigarettes. Barrett smoked as many as six packs a day, and his relatives had continually warned him to be more moderate.

Mr. Barrett still knew nothing of the "Sadie" mentioned on the card found in his son's pocket in the words. "Take care of Sadie," but she made herself known. She is Sadie S. Sullivan, a black-eyed cashier at Hogeman & Co.'s pharmacy in Broadway, near Fulton street. Her age is 17, and she has been at Hegeman's since she was 8. Young Barrett, who was employed as a clerk by Donegan & Swift of 174 Fulton street, just around the corner, bought soda water and got acquainted with her. In the course of time he became her regular escort home when she got through work at night.

Sometimes she didn't wait for him, and this hornered laget Wednesdey with the Parkered laget Wednesdey wight.

work at night.

Sometimes she didn't wait for him, and this happened last Wednesday night. When Barrett found her gone he seemed very downcast, and he went off to Boston Instead of going and no went on to boston instead of going home.

It is supposed that disappointment at not finding Sadie unsettled his mind, already weakened by cigarette smoking.

Miss Sullivan lives at 168 East Seventy-ninth street, where her mother is janitress of a flat. She was at home last night but could not be seen. She had sent this telegram to the City Hospital in Boston on Thursday:

New York, Jan. 24, 1889.

Will Demilt Barrett live until 1 get to see him? Answer.

See Total See to see him? Answer.

168 East Seventy-ninth street.

Several interesting games were played at the Brooklyn Handball Court on Degraw street yesterday. The first was a four-handed match between Phil Casey and John J. Broderick of St. Louis on one side, and John Delaney and Martin Menton on the other. The audience were very much pleased at the exhibition of Champion Casey and his partner, who, after a hard struggle, won by the following score:

17 21 6 21 21 17 21 6 9 John J. Broderick of St. Louis and ex-Alderman Dunne of Brooklyn then played for the best two out of three games. Dunne won two straight, as follows:

Dunne.... Broderick.... Brederick. 15 20
Mr. Broduick says he can beat Dunne in St. Louis, as the court there is not so large as the one in Degraw street. There is a good chance for a match between the two, as it is thought Mr. Dunne can beat him at any place.

It is thought by all who witnessed the match of yesterday and trought and beat place. It is thought by all who witnessed the match of yesterday and trought of Kildare are superior handball players to John Lawlor, who claimed the championship of Ireland. Both Menton and Delany have famous left hands.

This afternoon at 1 o'clock John Delany, one of Ireland's best players, will play Martin Menton the best of five games. Menton, it is thought will win. After this came ex-Congressman O'Reilly will play H. L. O'Brien a match of rackets, the best of seven games, the Congressman giving Mr. O'Brien a small handleap

The Vassar Brothers Hospital. POUGHKEEPSIE Jan. 25 .- The Trustees and Board of Medical Directors of the Vassar Brothers Hospital have replied to a letter from Mayor Rawley, asking for information in rela-tion to the management of the hospital. The letter says that the trustees recognize the right of every person, rich or poor, of whatever age, sex, color or nationality, or creed, to apply for admission, and under certain conditions, to be admitted into the hospital. Time will of Mr. Vassar wisely provided that contagious, infectious, or malignant cases should not be re-ceived, and preferences are established as folceived, and preferences are established as fol-lows in the order named: Those unable to pay, residents of Poughkeepsle, residents of Dutch-ess county, residents of New York State, and inhabitants of any part of the globe. The trustees have added the restriction that in-curable diseases and cases of insanity and al-coholism are not to be admitted. There are only twenty beds open in the hospital because the present income will support no more, but the John Gray Vassar endowment will be reached in a year or two, which will greatly benefit the institution. During the ten months since April I last ninety-nine patients have been treated, ninety-five of them free. Sixteen beds have been occupied at one time: therefore the statement that the highest number of beds oc-cupied at one time was eight is false.

The New Departure in Plymouth Church. At an adjourned meeting of Plymouth Church last night these were elected the Committee on Church Work, as provided for by the amendments to the by-laws: Gen. Christen-sen. R. W. Raymond, Henry Chaple. G. G. Latham, and G. W. Brush. The committee is to look after all the church mission work. Hitherto this duty has devolved on the Board of Deacons.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla. Dandellon, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a pecaiar combination, proportion, and process, giving to Hood's Sarasparilla curative power not possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best blood purifier. It cures Scrofula, Sait Rheum Botia, Pimples, ali Humors, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, blok Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarris, Rheu-matism, Kidney and Liver complaints, overcomes that

and builds up the whole system. Hood's Sarsaparilla Has met peruliar and unparalicied success at home. Such is its popularity in Lowell, Mass. where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time, and Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Farsa-parilla than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. It is seld by all druggists—\$1: six for \$5. Prepared only

tired feeling, creates an appetite, atrengthens the nerves,

C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar